ately placed on a train, which started THE STRONG MAN OF JAPAN terred in Japan. In addition to the Russian Ambassador to China the body was accompanied by a guard of honor composed of officers of the Russian frontier troops and several Russian offi-

Due honors to the dead were paid all along the line by the military guards. The Russian Ambassador telegraphed to the Russian representatives at Mukden and Dalny to meet the train

M. Kokovsoff telegraphed to the Russian Ambassador at Tokio to express Russia's profound sympathy. He also visited Consul-General Kakawani at the consulate to condole with him.

The body of Prince Ito will go to Port Arthur, where it will be embarked on a Japanese warship.

Tokio, Oct. 26.-The news of the assassination of Prince Ito caused an immense sensation here. Count Komura, Minister of Foreign Affairs, was the first to learn of it. He immediately went to the Emperor and informed him.

The Emperor was greatly affected. He summoned the imperial household and communicated the news to them with great emotion. He also sent a special nessenger to Oiso, where Prince and Princess Ito had their country home, to inform the Princess of her husband's

Members of the Cabinet, the Ambassa dors and a large number of other prominent personages visited the Ministry of Foreign Affairs during the afternoon to extend their condolences.

An extraordinary council of the Minsters was summoned for this evening. ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 26.-The assassintion of Prince Ito has caused consternation here. It is feared that it will further complicate matters in the Far

East to Russia's disadvantage. There is considerable anxiety lest popular opinion in Japan suspect Russia of complicity in the Prince's death and thus the tendency to a Russo-Japanese rapprochement should be checked.

she is sending another statesman to Manchuria to replace Prince Ito.

Formidable Issue for Coming Interna-

tional Conference at Paris. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN

BERLIN, Oct. 26.-The German claims n Morocco promise to become conspicuous again. It is understood that in view of the approaching international conference in Paris for the purpose of framing regulations for mining in Morocco the German Mannesmann group of financiers consulted thirteen experts in international law, including Prof. Westlake of Great Britain, and all agreed that the Mannesmann concessions could not be affected by the conference, which can only deal with the future.

The Mannesmann concessions cover an area amounting to one-tenth of the whole of Morocco, beginning eighteen

among the Socialists everywhere.

DEFICIT IN AUSTRIA TOO. Ministry Proposes to Meet It in Part by

Tax on Temperance Drinks. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN VIENNA, Oct. 26.- The Minister of Fi-

nance, submitting to the Reichsrath the estimates for 1910, which show a deficit of \$8,361.500, announced his intention to meet the shortage by both direct and indirect taxation. The beer tax which was proposed at the

last session would be abandoned, he said owing to the opposition to it, but the taxes on wines and spirits would be increased. and natural mineral waters, aerated waters and other artificial beverages would be taxed.

GERMANY CIVIL TO THE CZAR. Prince Henry of Prussia and Grand Duke of Hesse Visit Him on His Train.

Special Cable Despatch to THE STN. WORMS Oct. 26.-The special train on which the Czar is returning to St. Petersburg from his visit to King Victor Emmanuel at Racconigi arrived here this afternoon. Prince Henry of Prussia and the Princess and the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Hesse boarded the train and travelled with the Czar as far as Frankfort.

ITALY'S ART LEAKAGE. Investigating Commission Recom Dismissal of Officials.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. ROME, Oct. 26.-The commission which was appointed recently from the office of the Fine Arts Department to investigate the exportation of many rare objects of art, has made a report recommending the removal of several officials

The investigation was started through a suspicion that works of art were-being smuggled out of the country.

NEW AERIAL SPEED RECORD.

Delagrange Makes Mile and Four Mile Flights at Doncaster in Great Time.

Special Cable Despatch to TRE SUN. DONCASTER, Oct. 26 .- Leon Delagrange made a new world's record at the aviation meeting which closed here to-day.

In the race for the Tradesmen's cup. flying in a Blériot monoplane, he covered a mile and 860 yards in 1 minute 47 1-5 seconds. Altogether he made a flight of four miles and 820 yards, which he covered in 5 minutes 29 1-5 seconds

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
LIMA, Peru, Oct. 26.—Dr. Melton Porras, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Augustin de la Torre Gonzales, Minister of Finance have resigned.

PRINCE ITO LEADING FORCE IN THE EMPIRE'S EVOLUTION.

One of the Samural, He Crowned a Youth of Adventure With Statesmanlike Wisdom-Blamed for Peace of Portsmouth-The Assimilation of Corea

Prince Ito was born Sept. 2, 1841, according to the Japanese Year Book, which may be taken as authority on a fact somewhat vague. His father was a small man of the samurai, or feudal fighting class. in the town of Shimonoseki in the Province of Chosu at the western entrance to the Inland Sea. The Lord of Chosu in those days of the Shogunate was one of the strongest vassals of the land, and his province, together with that of Satsuma the birthplace of Admiral Togo, bred the best fighters and best thinkers of the Island Empire. Even to-day the hall mark of Chosu and of Satsuma stands for the best blood of the Emperor's realm

The name that was given to Ito at his birth was Shunsuke (Superior Being) and later in his life, according to Japanese custom, he dropped his baby name and assumed the name Hirobumi, which is freely translated "benevolent litera-Although autographs of the late Prince in English script read "Hirobumi Ito." that is only a concession to the readers of English. Ito Hiroburni he was during his whole lifetime, after the convenient Japanese custom of placing the surname first. As many a Japanese scholar does, the youth ito adopted as his pen name that of Shumpo.

Ito was left an orphan early in life and he was adopted by a relative. Ito Juzo. The lad's early years were devoted to the stern pursuits of the samurai earning the arts of war and, as Bushide has it, starving the spirit. Kido Koin one of the great statesmen of the time and with the heroes Saigo and Okuba one of the founders of the present Meiji era in the life of the nation, was an early Japan has already notified Russia that patron of young Ito. Yoshida Shoin another of the men destined to play a large part in the overthrow of the Totungawa Shogunate and the restoration GERMAN MINES IN MOROCCO. of the Emperor, went to school with Ito.

During the youth of the future strong

foreigners, who had already begun timidly to enter the country after thene gotiations conducted by Commodore Perry, was a feature of the southern defection. The Lord of Chosu, thinking to do a little spying upon the trend of events at the capital, picked out the likely young Ito to go thither in company with Kido and to keep his ear to the ground.

One of the laws of the Shogun in those days forbade any subject leaving the country under penalty of death. That law did not deter the young man who in Tokio had caught a glimpse of the great world beyond the seas. With one of his boon companions, later the Count Inouye, and three other daring spirits, Ito conceived the idea of escaping from Japan and going to England. A

whole of Morocco, beginning eighteen miles from the coast. The Sultan, who is interested in them, obtained advances from the Mannesmann group on the security of his interests.

SOCIALISTS WIN IN BERLIN.

Three Seats in the Prussian Diet Cause Great Joy in the Party.

Special Cable Despotch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—Elections for four representatives of Berlin in the Prussian Diet were held to-day and resulted in the return of three Socialists, with one election still undecided.

Socialists were elected to the same seats at the last election, but their return was nullified on technical grounds.

The success of the candidates to-day, following similar victories in Coburg, Baden and Saxony, has caused jubilation among the Socialists everywhere.

Count Inouye, and three other daring spirits. Ito conceived the idea of escaping from Japan and going to England. A Scotch whaler happened to be anchored in the strait of Shimonoseki under grudging dispensation of the Lord of Chosu. In the darkness one night these five boys, clad in the helmets of the samurai and with the two swords of their rank strapped to their foreheads, breasted the swift current of the strait out to the side of the whaler.

Ito had the foreheads, breasted the swift current of the strait out to the bundle on his head a very imperfect English dictionary which he had picked up in Tokio. With this weak staff to aid them the five runaways succeeded in convincing the Social way with him. Cannily had the foreheads of the swift current of the strait of Shimonoseki under grudging dispensation of the Lord of Chosu. In the darkness one night these five boys, clad in the helmets of the samurai and with the two swords of their rank strapped to their foreheads, breasted the swift current of the strait of Shimonoseki under grudging dispensation of the Lord of Chosu. In the darkness one night these five boys, clad in the branch of the samurai and with the two swords of their rank strapped to their foreheads, breasted the swift current of the strait of Shimonosek

But Ito's stay in England was cut short by the foolishness of his own lord in the home land. This haughty personage home land. This haughty personage had the temerity to fortify the Strait of Shimonoseki against the intrusion of the foreigners. He even fired on two United States sloops of war and French and Dutch war vessels. This was in June, 1863. Ito caught an echo of the news in England, and he hastened home in an effort to forestall a combined movement of foreign warships against his hotheaded lord. He reached the Province of Chosu before the punitive expedition, but his best counsels could not prevail against the pride of the feudal prevail against the pride of the feudal lord. The foreign fleet arrived, bom-barded the forts and levelled them with

Hardly had the echoes of their guns been silenced when the rebellion which was to seat the present Emperor on a real throne of power began in Satsuma and Chosu. Ito and Inouye, because of their escapade in England and their attempt to move the lord of the province against the futility of fighting the Westerners, fell under the suspiction of their own folk. They were attacked by assassins one night when they were stopping in a hotel in Shimonoseki. Inouye was left for dead with wounds which left permanent scars. Ito was concealed beneath a bundle of pretty kimonos and obis by a young girl in her early teens who happened to be stopping at the hotel. Later this little girl became the wife of Ito.

Ito did not play any great part as a soldier in the wars of the rebellion, but he emerged from the struggle as one of the young progressists whose whole soul was devoted to the Emperor and the cause of an enlightened Japan. Anarchy followed the war and the situation was complicated by the stern demands of the Powers that the ports of Japan be thrown open to foreign commerce. Kobe was the first port so opened, and here as first Governor of the port Ito filled his initial office under the new Government. A year later he was transferred to Tokio as Vice-Minister of Public Works. In 1872 he became a member of an embassy headed by Iwakura, a noble of high rank, which made a two years circuit of the great Powers in an effort to gain the modi-Hardly had the echoes of their guns been silenced when the rebellion which

headed by Iwakura, a noble of high rank, which made a two years circuit of the great Powers in an effort to gain the modification of the earlier treaties, the provisions of which hurt the newly budding national pride. During the progress of this embassy Ito visited the United States for the first time.

During the following eventful years, when the raw nation, just, emancipated.

when the raw nation, just emancipated from feudalism and the incubus of cen-turies of exclusion, was trying to adjust itself and to swallow all of Western civilization at a gulp Ito played the foremost part. His was the hand that was strong-est in formulating the Constitution under which Japan is now governed as an en-lightened State. Much of what he learned on his first and on a second subsequent trip through the nations of the West of banking and financial management went into the melting pot of the nation's refining. He had a part in building up the new country's industrial system; his advice was constantly behind the first rudimentary beginnings of an army and a

rudimentary beginnings of an army and a navy.

Ex-Concentrator of Cuba Sent to Hold Down Catalonia.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—A despatch from Madrid to the Journal says Gen. Weyler, formerly Captain-General of Cuba, has been appointed commander in chief of the Spanish forces in Catalonia.

Peruvian Cabinet Changes.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LIMA, Peru, Oct. 26.—Dr. Melton Porras,

THE FIFTH AVENUE BRANCH

of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 475 FIFTH AVENUE, near 41st Street.

Interest allowed on Deposit Accounts.

Acts as custodian of personal property and manager of real property.

Letters of Credit. Foreign Money and Travelers' Checks. Vault Boxes for Customers' use.

had labored, Ito had a large task shouldered upon him. He met Li Hung Chang as a peace envoy at the close of the short and bloody war with China, and at Shimonoseki, his home town, the famous peace which contained the seeds of the future greater war with Russia was signed by him.

During the next ten years Count (now become Marquis) Ito played no less an active part than before in governmental affairs. How great a share he took in the task of secret preparation for the War to come can only be guessed, but certain it is that his was the most farseeing mind in Japan, and after the Powers had forced the cession of Port Arthur and otherwise tinkered with the terms of the peace of Shimonoseki, to saw that the nation he had helped so much to upbuild must gird itself for a life and death struggle with the Adam Zad.

The war came and Ito in his place near The war came and Ito in his place near the throne helped to keep the fortunes of Japan in the ascendant and to estab-lish the seemingly unnatural sympathy for his country among the Anglo-Saxons. When the Peace of Portsmouth was signed Ito was included in the great uproar against the Government on the part of the small politicians and city roughs because of the presumed part he had in

During the youth of the future strong man of Japan, the Lord of Choeu, his master, began to be restive under the tyranny of the Shogun at Tokio and with him the Lord of Satsuma made common cause in incipient rebellion. Hatred of foreigners, who had already begun timidly to enter the country after thene gotiations conducted by Commodore Perry, was a feature of the southern defection. The Lord of Chosu, thinking to do a little spying upon the trend of events at the capital, picked out the likely young Ito to go thither in company with Kido and to keep his ear to the ground.

One of the laws of the Shogun in those days forbade any subject leaving the country under penalty of death. That law did not deter the young man who in Tokio had caught a glimpse of the great world beyond the seas. With one of his boon companions, later the Count Inouye, and three other daring spirits, Ito conceived theidea of escaping from Japan and going to England.

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After long hours of palaver one of the

After long hours of palaver one of the ministers on a pretext left the room. He attempted to escape from the palace, but a Japanese lieutenant met him at the door and turned him back. Just in that minute the hapless minister had seen the glitter of bayonets in the moonlight. The whole palace was surrounded by Japanese infantrymen.

The Emperor refused until the last to affix his seal upon the treaty yielding sovereignty to Japan and a story still believed by many has it that on Ito's orders Japanese went to the office of the Prime Minister, broke open his strong box and brought the great State seal

box and brought the great State seal to the Marquis, who set the vermillion impression of the Emperor to the treaty with his own hands. However that be, from that night Corea ceased

Ito's task was enormous. He had to rebuild a decayed State and remould to rebuild a decayed state and remould a people more mediæval than his own were at the time when the Shogunate was overthrown. The people bitterly resented change and hated the Japanese. Ito's worst enemies cannot say that at any time in his rule of Corea he used arbitrary or unduly harsh measures. any time in his rule of Corea he used arbi-trary or unduly harsh measures. Although undoubtedly much wrong was done by individual Japanese and by some Japanese Government officials, it is prob-able that the verdict of history will be that Ito was the best friend of the Coreans.

that Ito was the best friend of the Coreans.

Prince Ito—such was the new title that was bestowed upon him in 1907—resigned the office of Resident-General only last May to succeed the late Field Marshal Yamagata as President of the Privy Council in Tokio. Last August, he revisited Seoul and received, according to Japanese reports, a great welcome.

Perhaps Ito guessed that he was to die at the hands of a Corean. Twice during his term as Resident-General attempts were made by fanatical Coreans to assassinate him and many times he was warned of other plots against his

to assassinate him and many times he was warned of other plots against his life. Him, all the Coreans not under Japanese influence hated, not because he was their ruler and a Japanese. The fervor of patriotism which led to the assassination in San Francisco of W. D. Stevens, the American adviser of the Japanese in Corea, sought Ito as a victim. His fatal visit to Harbin was undertaken.

GIFTS TO MONTEFIORE HOME More Than \$100,000 at Its 25th Anniversary Celebration

Announcement of donations to the Montefiore Home aggregating \$101.500 was made last night at the twenty-fifth anniversary celebration of the founding of the institution at the Hotel Astor. Of this amount \$50,000 was given by Jacob H. Schiff, president of the institution, and his wife. Mr and Mrs. Murray Gugarantheir was \$5000.

and his wife. Mr. and Mrs. Murray Gug-genheim gave \$25,000.

Jacob Schiff in an introductory ad-dress called attention to what the Monte-fiore Home had accomplished during the ast quarter of a century in relieving suffering and caring for those who were in need of medical aid. He said the new home which had been erected on Braod-way between 138th and 139th streets had accommodations for 600 more pa-

Seth Low was the chief speaker of the vening. He said in part: "The Montevening. He said in part: "The Monte-ore Home had its origin twenty-five years ago in the recognition by the Jews of New York of a fact that is borne home to every one who comes into contact with the work of the ordinary hospital. The ordinary hospital exists for the purpose of rendering aid to those who are suffer-ing from the result of accident, while the Monteflore Home takes care of those who suffer for a long period from chroni-

Robert W. De Forest paid tribute in a speech to those who have done so much to continue the promotion of the work commenced by Sir Moses Monteflore twenty-five years ago. He said that he believed that the coming generation would see a time when there would be no difference in race, faith or nationality.

Gas Company Gets Unclaimed Money Un der Bond.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed yesterday the decision statesmen." the unofficial body that stands above all constitutional provisions next to the Emperor to advise him and to conduct a constitutional monarchy really as an oligarchical despotism.

After resigning the Premiership to fill the chair of President of the newly created House of Peers, the upper house in the Japanese Parliament established by the constitution for which he himself

TAFT AND CANNON AT ODDS

SPEAKER DOESN'T WANT TIGHT LID ON THE PORK BARREL.

Doesn't Agree That Bond Issue for Waterways Is Better Than Present Plan. Under Which Millions Have Been Spent -Banquet That Was Only on Paper

HICKMAN, Ky., Oct. 26 .- President Taft and Speaker Cannon on the trip down the Mississippi are fighting out the question whether or not bonds should be issued for the improvement of inland waterways.

Speaker Cannon will be found supporting Mr. Taft in the recommendation provided the President cannot be dissuaded. but the Speaker will do his best to get him to change his mind.

In the meantime, however, the Speaker is showing on this cruise that he differs radically from the President on the proposition. The President in one or two of his recent speeches has condemned the plan on which the waterways improvements have been carried out. Today at Cairo the Speaker lauded the contraot system before the President's face.

"It has operated well," said he. "Hundreds of millions of dollars have been expended. It is a good system. It has brought order into the method of doing the Government work, and I am for the

Again paraphrasing Agrippa's reply to St. Paul, Uncle Joe, turning to President Taft, said:

"Thou almost persuadest me to be as thou art, save as to these bonds." He went on to say that there was no necessity for issuing bonds until the plans for the improvements had been definitely settled and the plants for the work had been assembled. "We can pay for the plants," said Uncle Joe, "from our ordinary revenues. Be sure we are right before we go

The Speaker's speech was sort of a wet blanket for the fifteen boatloads of deep waterway rooters, although Uncle Joe had done his best to soften its effect. He had declared that he indorsed every word Then he promptly turned about and made "You want to know how I stand on the

improvement of inland waterways and our harbors," said Mr. Cannon. "Well, just read the President's St. Louis speech, and then you can say to yourself that is what Cannon and all the rest of the Illi-

what Cannon and all the rest of the Illinois delegations believe."

Nearly all of the delegates who are steering their zigzag course over the Mississippi River's sand bars are rooting only for deepening that river to a fourteen foot channel. That was the improvement which is pressing. That is the one for which they insist Congress must authorize bonds at the next session.

President Taft indicated to-day that the Mississippi could wait until the Ohio River improvements were finished. It was a cruel blow to the junketers here. They have three days more of this sandbar dodging cruise ahead of them, and the President has taken all the wind out of their sails so far as the next session of Congress is concerned.

their sails so far as the next session of Congress is concerned.
"It seems better," said the President, "to push first the completion of the Ohio River improvements as a demonstration of what can be done, and then to take up the Mississippi. Perhaps that plan won't meet the views of the people in the Mississippi Valley and Illinois, but they can congratulate themselves that I haven't the power to decide that subject.
"In making this statement at Cairo.

ongratulate themselves that I haven't the power to decide that subject.

"In making this statement at Cairo, Mr. Taft was perfectly safe so far as the audience of 10,000 was concerned, for that city is at the mouth of the Ohio.

The Governors' banquet to the President on the sternwheeler St. Paul was held to-night. The speeches are omitted, because they are old news now, having been printed along with realistic accounts of the banquet in some of the Mississippi Valley papers this morning.

The squabs which the President had to-night were those that had been taken off the fire when he cancelled his engagement last night. The rest of the banquet also had been saved, but it had been an

Please, would be leave the would not. The would not have my orders, he said, to make a speed of ten miles an hour, and under no circle to leave the line. "But." he "perhaps Mr. Smith will change

cumstances to leave the line. "But," he added. "perhaps Mr. Smith will change the orders."

"Where is Smith?" asked the correspondents and the Governors in the same breath.

"Oh. Smith," said the skipper, "he's on the thirteenth boat, back three miles."

One of the correspondents recalled then that there was a fast motor boat on the steamboat Lily, the fourth boat behind the St. Paul. The correspondents and the Governors retired to the upper deck and spent half an hour in megaphoning this message to the boat immediately behind:

"Tell the Lily to send the motor boat to the St. Paul, quick; important!"

After waiting for an hour with their hands behind their ears this reply came faintly through the megaphone after having been relayed over four boats:
"Capt. Sloan wants to know what you want of the motor boat?"

At 1 o'clock in the morning the correspondents were still on the upper deck shouting through megaphones as they passed each town: "Taft ill; no banquet. Telephone St. Louis papers collect."

But it was all futile. To-night's ban-

But it was all futile. To-night's ban-quet was held last night so far as some Mr. Taft was great! Mr. Taft was greatly amused when he heard of the trouble he had caused.

The President will stop to-morrow

The President will stop to-morrow at Memphis.

New Orlieans, Oct. 26.—The battle-ship Mississippi and the cruisers New York, North Carolina and Montana arrived to-day to participate in the waterway convention celebration and the reception to President Taft.

Mayor Behrman visited the warships and tendered the freedom of the city to the officers and men. A feature of the celebration will be a parade of all the 2,000 sailors and marines on the warships.

The Mississippi, one of the deepest draught vessels in the navy, crossed the bar at the mouth of the river without difficulty. One of the objects of bringing the big vessels here was to demonstrate

bar at the mouth of the river without difficulty. One of the objects of bringing the big vessels here was to demonstrate that the Mississippi River can be navigated by the biggest vessels at all seasons.

The Seagoers.

Sailing to-day by the Cunarder Lusitania, for Queenstown, Holyhead and Liverpool:

W. Bourke Cockran, Timothy Davies, M. P.: Sir John L. Harrington and Lady Harrington, Mrs. Herbert Ide-Keen, Sir Joseph Lawrence and Mr and Mrs. J. Gordon McDonald Passengers by the White Star liner Oceanic, for Plymouth, Cherbourg and outhampton:

Mrs. E. B. Aymar, Sir Alexander Lacoste, the Rev. P. B. Bull, H. Nelson Burroughs, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Midgley, E. I. Pease, Miss Janet Wilmerding and E. E. Walker. By the Hamburg-American liner President Lincoln, for Plymouth, Cherbourg Mrs Edward A Booth, Alexander Cadwal-ader and Mr and Mrs. James A. Roosevelt. Arrivals by the Ward liner Havana, from Havana:

Ignacio Andrade, Venezuelan Minister to Cuba, and José Godey, Mexican Minister to Cuba.

·You Absorb a Musical Education Unconsciously While Enjoying The

Pianola Piano



NOTED writer on musical subjects says the PIANOLA PIANO is apt to be purchased and used at first for amusement only. Later,

it becomes a wonderful educator, with the element of amusement left in. And the amusement is of a higher order.

You probably don't realize now, how much you miss by not understanding music better. If you follow the lead of so many others and purchase a PIANOLA PIANO, you will experience a great awakening.

Light catchy music is well enough in its way, but it is a very small and relatively unimportant part of musical literature.

With the facility the PIANOLA PIANO offers for playing ALL music, you and your family may soon become familiar with music of the better class. Then you could converse intelligently about music and appreciate a good opera or concert when you heard it.

There are not many things that supply both culture and amusement. Is it not time you knew more about the PIANOLA PIANO?

There is but one store in Manhattan where the PIANOLA and PIANOLA Piano are sold. That these two instruments are the best of their type is the emphatic opinion of the entire musical world.

PIANOLA Pienos cost \$550 to \$1150 \ Moderate Monthly PIANOLAS cost - \$250 to 450 \ Payments

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

AEOLIAN HALL, 362 Fifth Ave., near 34th St.,

NEW YORK

WALDORF GUEST A BOGUS SMITH GAYNOR OFF SCALES COLUMN and Cash-Arrested.

Frederick F. Smith of Bridgeton, N. J., wher of the auxiliary yawl Foxy, is out day's election got under way about noon several hundred dollars and a lot of yesterday soon after Supreme Court clothes and nautical instruments. On the Justice Gerard had ordered the names of money and the proceeds from the sale of Candidates Gaynor, Moore and Galvin the instruments a man who passed as removed from under the Independence Frederick F. Smith has been having a good | League emblem—the abandoned | Hearst time in the Tenderloin, winding up at the scales. The ballots for the Twenty-ninth Waldorf-Astoria after severai days at the Assembly district in Manhattan, the Gerard in West Forty-fourth street.

The real Frederick F. Smith, who is a and coast. Besides his yacht he had his automobile. During the summer two college students were with him, one of opened they went away and Smith advertised for a mechanician.

Thomas automobile concern, and a he Civic Alliance emblem. well to do woman who has a summer place at Lake Hopatcong. Smith wrote ing Gaynor, Moore and Galvin off the to them and got such good reports of Independence League column came as im aboard the yacht.

The man disappeared. The next day on the fire when he sent word over to the St. Paul that they would have to excuse him. His throat was so sore that he would rather come some other night. The newspaper men had written glowing accounts of the banquet before they left St. Louis and when some of the Governors had given their speeches out in advance they joined forces and advanced against the skipper of the St. Pough and there learned that the real of Pough and there learned that the real of Pough was in Memphis, Tenn. Muller they remembered as a machinist who had spoken so well of Pough and there learned that the real of Pough was in Memphis, Tenn. Muller they remembered as a machinist who had spoken so well of Pough was in Memphis, Tenn. Muller they remembered as a machinist who had worked for them for a short while. A \$50 watch went away from the Thomas office in New York at the time that Muller left, and when he left the employ of the conventions could be called by Hearst of the miles an hour, and under no circumstances to leave the line. But, "But," But, "But," But, "But," But, "But," But, "But," But, "But," But, "But, "But," But, "But," But, "But, "B woman at Lake Hopatcong about \$700 worth of silverware disappeared. The

silverware was recovered.

On Monday Mr. Smith learned that his bank in Bridgeton had sent \$200 by telegraph to a man who had shown letters at a telegraph office on upper Broadway purporting to prove that he was Frederick F. Smith.

Yesterday afternoon the man who had got the \$200 went back to the telegraph office and was about to wire for more money when Detective Daly nabbed him. Outside was a cabman who said that the man was a guest at the Waldorf and owed

man was a guest at the Waldorf and owed him money.

At the Waldorf in the room that the man had occupied some of Mr. Smith's clothes were found. At Police Head-quarters the prisoner said he was Frederick F. Smith. In the gallery the police found a picture that looked very much like the man and underneath was written the name of A. J. Muller. Muller was arrested in October, 1906, on a charge of suchbary, but was discharged. robbery, but was discharged.

COUSIN "LORIMER" AGAIN. Truthless, Except as to the Fact That He Wants Money.

The smooth young man who save he'

a cousin of George Horace Lorimer. the Philadelphia editor, but isn't and tries to borrow money from writers on the strength of the alleged relationship, the strength of the alleged relationship, is still at work. Last spring he landed several literary lights for small amounts. One of the victims learned later that he had been stung and told the newspapers about it. Nothing had been heard of the swindler since until he appeared at the Newark home of William Hamilton Ophorns on Saturday last and introduced at the Newark home of William Hamilton Osborne on Saturday last and introduced himself as "Arthur Lorimer of the Saturday Evening Post" and a cousin of George H. Lorimer. He talked a lot about Cousin George and Edward Bok and Sarah Orne Jewett and then remembered that he didn't have money enough to get back to Philadelphia. It was only a small sum and couldn't Mr. Osborne lend him the amount. He had a draft of "George's" but couldn't use it. Mr. Osborne was so suspicious that he didn't have a cent in the house and the young man departed. Publicity seems to be spoiling his game.

John Jameson Whiskey TS makers are ambitious only

to be known as producers of the best whiskey and to preserve the high reputation of their product—hence nothing but the best bears the Three Stars. W. A. Taylor & Co., Agents, New York

Chauffeur Used His Boss's Name, Clothes Theft of Independence League Knocket Out by the Court. The printing of the ballots for Tues-

Twenty-third Assembly district in Brooklyn and the First Municipal Court district retired manufacturer, has been spending in Brooklyn will be held up further pendthe summer and fall along the New Eng- ing a hearing by the Court of Appeals at Albany this afternoon on appeal by the Tammany and Democratic candidates from the order of the Appellate whom could run the automobile as well Division that in all districts where there as the motor in the Foxy. When college were valid nominating petitions filed under the Civic Alliance emblem for both the Tammany and fusion candidates Among the letters he got was one the candidates indorsed by the Hearst signed John Pough, giving as reference committee of five are to appear under

The decision of Justice Gerard knock Pough that he engaged him and took a shock to Tammany politicians, but the minor nominees under the emblem took The squabs which the President had to-night were those that had been taken off the fire when he cancelled his engagement last night. The rest of the banquet also had been saved, but it had been an awful ordeal for the twenty-five Governors.

The President had accepted an invitation to attend last night's dinner before he left St. Louis and the whole thing was on the fire when he sent word over to make the state of the such consolation as they could get from the fact that the Court permits their names to remain in a column which is headed by three blank spaces and the scales. The only reason they were not removed was that they had not been notified of the fact that the Court permits their names to remain in a column which is headed by three blank spaces and the scales. The only reason they were not removed was that they had not been notified of the proceeding. This saved Robert Stewart, the Hearst nominee for Suprement Court Justice in the Second Department.

WARRINGTON, Oct. 28 .- These army order have been issued Capt. William A. Duncan. Medical Corps. to Walter Reed General Hospital. District of Colum-

bla.

Major Julius A. Penn, Twelfth Infantry, from Washington to Philippines division.

First Lieut. Robert Lemmon. Medical Reserve Corps, from Fort Howard, Maryland, to Philippine Islands.

Major William H. Hart, commissary, from Washington to Honolulu.

Second Lieut. Lawrence C. Ricker. Tenth Infantry, to retired list:

These navy orders have been issued Lieut. F. H. Naile, from Washington to the Lieut. W. R. Sexton, to Bureau of Navigation Lieut. W. R. Sexton, to Bureau of Navigation, Washington, Lieut. A. W. Pressey, from the Celtic to Washington. Lieut. C. Belknap, from the New Hampshire to torpedo station. Newport. Ensign L. H. Maxfield, from the Yankton to the North Carolina.

Ensign W. T. Maillison, from the Missouri to the Hist.

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MARRIED.

BELKNAP-GOODRICH .- In Christ Church. Pomfret, October 25, by the Right Reverend the Bishop of Connecticut, assisted by the Rev. C. J. S. Wrigley, D. D., Gladys, daughter Rear Admiral Caspar F. Goodrich, M. Lieutenant Charles Belknap, U. S. Navy LEMENT-WORDEN .-- On October 26, 1809, at the West End Presbyterian Church, Amster-damay, and 105th st., by the Rey, Dr. A. Eiwill Keigwin, Leona, daughter of the late Henry

Worden, to Henry S. Clement, Jr., of New MADDOX-HOPE .- On October 26, 1949, Emma

DIED.

ADAMS.-On Sunday, October 24, 1909, at her residence, 314 Washington av., Brooklyk Martha E. Adams, aged 57 years. Funeral services Wednesday, October 27, at 11 A. M., Interment Greenwood Cemetery. ELLIOTT.—On October 28, 1909, at Livingston. Staten Island, Samuel R. Elliott, M. D., is Staten Island, his 74th year.

Funeral services at convenience of family. EA .- Entered into rest, on Sunday, October 34 Henry Charles Lea.
Funeral services at his late residence, 2008
Walnut st. Philadelphia. on Wednesday,
October 27, at 11 o'clock. Interment private.

MACK .- On October 28, 1909, Thomas A. Mack, aged 65 years. Services at "The FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d st. (FRANK E. CAMPBELL BUILDING). Thursday morning 10 o'clock. Friends and members of the Engineers Club invited.

PECKHAM.—On Sunday, October 24, 1900, at his home, at Altemont, N. Y., Rufus W. Peckham. in his 71st year.
Funeral services at St. Peter's Church. Albany.

N. Y., this Wednesday afternoon. October 27, at 2:30 o'clock. It is requested that no RAYMOND.—On Monday, October 25, 1909, at his residence, 76 Remsen st., Brooklyn, James Raymond, in his 54th year.

Funeral services on Wednesday, October 27, at 3:30 P. M., from 76 Remsen st. SAYLES. — At Long Hills, Chatham, N. J., October 24, 1909, Sol. Sayles, in his seth

year.
Funeral will be held at his late residence. Loss
Hills. Chatham, N.J., on Wednesday, October
27, at 10:45 A. M. A special car for Berkeler
Heights Station will be attached to the D. L. d W. train leaving West 23d st. at 9 A. M. Interment at Woodlawn same day. Special train will leave Grand Central Station for Woodlawn about 1:45 P. M.

WORTH.—At San Francisco, Cal., on the 2th day of October, 1909, Frederick Worth, is the 63d year of his age. UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 W. 234 St. Chapels. Ambulance Service. Tel. 1334 Chelses. NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR Advertisements for THE SUN and THE EVENTS

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